33 Measures for Use in Establishing Quality Performance Standards ACOs Must Meet for Shared Savings

AIM: Better Care for Individuals:

Patient/Caregiver Care Experiences (7 measures)
- Getting Timely Care, Appointments and Information
- How Well Your Doctors Communicate
- Patients' Rating of Doctor
- Access to Specialists
- Health Promotion and Education
- Shared Decision Making
- Health Status/Functional Status

Care Coordination/Patient Safety (6 measures)
- Risk-Standardized, All Condition Readmission
- Ambulatory Sensitive Conditions Admissions: Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease or Asthma in Older Adults
- Ambulatory Sensitive Conditions Admissions: Congestive Heart Failure
- Percent of Primary Care Physicians Who Successfully Qualify for an EHR Program Incentive Payment
- Medication Reconciliation: Reconciliation after Discharge from an Inpatient Facility
- Falls: Screening for Fall Risk

AIM: Better Health for Populations:

Preventive Health (8 measures)
- Influenza Immunization
- Pneumococcal Vaccination
- Adult Weight Screening and Follow up
- Tobacco Use Assessment and Tobacco Cessation Intervention
- Depression Screening
- Colorectal Cancer Screening
- Mammography Screening
- Screening for High Blood Pressure

At-Risk Population/Frail Elderly Health (12 measures, further categorized into 5 chronic disease categories)
- Diabetes—Diabetes Composite (All-or-Nothing Scoring):
  - Hemoglobin A1c Control (<8 percent)
  - Low Density Lipoprotein (<100)
  - Blood Pressure <140/90
  - Tobacco Non Use
  - Aspirin Use
  - Hemoglobin A1c Poor Control (>9 percent)

- Hypertension
  - Controlling High Blood Pressure

- Ischemic Vascular Disease
  - Complete Lipid Panel and LDL Control (<100 mg/dL)
  - Use of Aspirin or Another Antithrombotic

- Heart Failure
  - Beta-Blocker Therapy for Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)

- Coronary Artery Disease—Coronary Artery Disease (CAD) Composite: All-or-Nothing Scoring:
  - Drug Therapy for Lowering LDL Cholesterol
  - Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme (ACE) Inhibitor or Angiotensin Receptor Blocker (ARB) Therapy for Patients with CAD and Diabetes and/or Left Ventricular Systolic Dysfunction (LVSD)